



Institut "Jožef Stefan", Ljubljana, Slovenija



center za prenos tehnologij in inovacij  
na Institutu "Jožef Stefan"

# Licensing opportunity

## Making Teflon® and other fluoropolymers hydrophilic

### Field of use

Surface treatment (painting, galvano, polishing, CVD, ..)  
Microengineering and nanoengineering  
Adhesives, Plastics, Polymers  
Housewares, Commodity chemicals and polymers

### Current state of technology

Stage of Development:  
TRL 4, technology is ready to be licensed out.

### Patent status

Patent application filled in 2019

### Publication

TBA

### Developed by

Jožef Stefan Institute

### Reference

TBA

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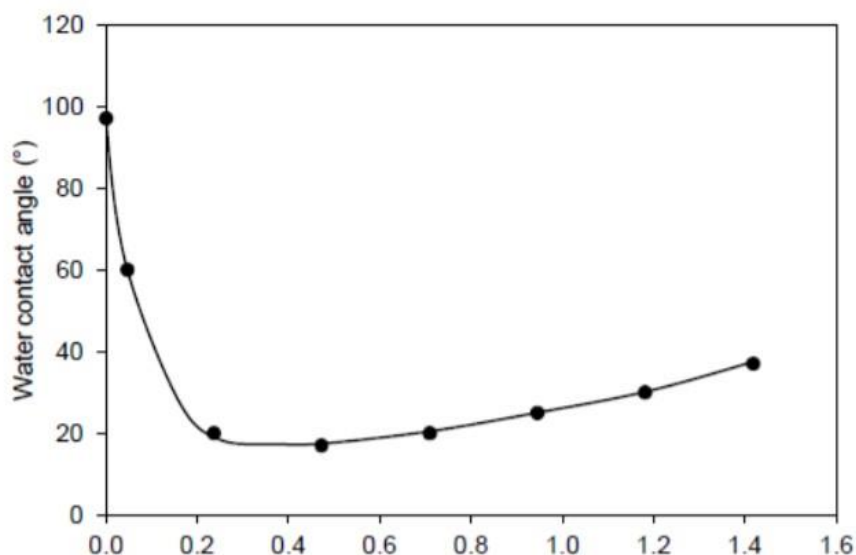


Figure 1: Graph showing the achieved water contact angle of treated PTFE

Key words: Teflon®, fluorinated polymers, plasma surface treatment, hydrophilic.

### Background

The Jožef Stefan Institute has developed a novel method for surface treatment of polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE, Teflon®) and other fluorinated polymers, which significantly improves wettability of the surface from highly hydrophobic to highly hydrophilic. We are looking for producers of PTFE and other fluoropolymeric products for license agreement or technical cooperation agreement.

### Description of the Invention

The wettability of polymer surfaces is an important consideration in some applications, for example where adhesion to the polymer surface is needed, such as when paint, print or functional coatings are applied to polymer substrates, or glue is used to stick a polymer substrate to something else. It may therefore be desirable to modify the polymer substrate surface. Several methods for modification of polymer wettability have been reported. These include treatment with aggressive liquids, plasma and reactive gases. A known and widely used method is treatment of polymer materials with gaseous plasma. A technological challenge, however is formation of oxygen-rich functional groups on the surface of a

fluorinated polymer. Currently used plasma treatment methods lead to etching rather than to functionalization of fluorine-containing polymers with oxygen-rich functional groups.

### Main Advantages

The solution: Novel two-step plasma treatment of PTFE (Teflon®) and other fluoropolymers to make it hydrophilic.

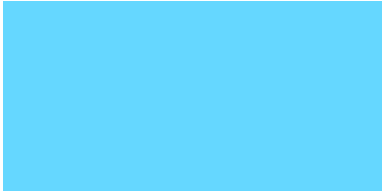
#### Advantages

- The wettability of fluorinated polymers treated with novel method is close to the theoretical limit for smooth polymers (20° water angle contact);
- The method is fast and amenable to scale up and enable continuous processing;
- There is no measurable production of hazardous or harmful byproducts
- The method is energetically efficient and can be fully automated.

The present technology offer relates to novel method for modification of surface wettability of fluorine-containing polymers by sequential two-step treatment.

The method is rapid and enables treatment of fluorine-containing polymers of almost any shape and size including 'infinite' materials such as foils. A surface layer of an object made from a fluorine-containing polymer is depleted of fluorine upon interaction with gaseous plasma rich in ultraviolet radiation. The depleted surface layer is then oxidized. The wettability of objects made from or containing fluorine-containing polymers treated according to the methods of invention is close to the theoretical limit for smooth polymers well functionalized with polar functional groups. Figure 1 shows achieved water contact angle values versus a treatment parameter. The contact angle in this case is 20°. Lower angles are achievable for selected fluorine-containing polymers. A surface finish with novel method is stable and assures for reasonably long-lasting hydrophilicity of otherwise hydrophobic polymers. Unlike conventional treatment of fluorine-containing polymers with oxygen plasma, the novel method does not produce hazardous gases such as oxy or peroxy fluorinated carbon compounds.

The surface treatment method has been validated in laboratory. Additionally, a device for surface treatment of fluorinated polymers in a batch or continuous mode has been developed. The technology has been developed at the Jožef Stefan Institute, Slovenia. The Jožef Stefan Institute is leading Slovenian research institute with more than 1000 employees. The research group of [The Department of Surface Engineering and Optoelectronics](#) comprises experts in the field of surface treatment with emphasis on plasma technologies, thin films and vacuum science and have numerous experience in cooperation with industry



Target Sectors  
Producers of PTFE (Teflon®) products and other products made from fluoropolymers.